### **Kindergarten Math Learning Targets**

#### Algebra:

### **K.A.2.1** Students are able to compare collections of objects to determine more, less, and equal (greater than and less than). - Comprehension

- I can tell or show which group of things contains more objects. (K.A.2.1)
- I can tell or show which group of things contains fewer objects. (K.A.2.1)
- I can tell or show when 2 groups of things have the same number of objects. (K.A.2.1)
- I can say "greater than" to tell which group has more objects. (K.A.2.1)
- I can say "less than" to tell which group has fewer objects. (K.A.2.1)
- I can say "equal to" to tell when 2 groups have the same number of objects. (K.A.2.1)

## K.A.3.1 Students are able to use concrete objects to model the meaning of the "+" and "-" symbols. - Knowledge

- I can show that "+" means putting more objects together into a group. (K.A.3.1)
- I can show that "-" means taking objects away from my starting group. (K.A.3.1)

# K.A.4.1 Students are able to identify and extend two-part repeating patterns using concrete objects. - Knowledge

- I can recognize a pattern. (K.A.4.1)
- I can name the pattern type. (K.A.4.1)
- I can continue an AB pattern. (K.A.4.1)
  - I can continue an ABC pattern.
  - I can continue an ABB pattern.
  - I can continue an AAB pattern.

## K.A.4.2 Students are able to sort and classify objects according to one attribute. – Comprehension

- I can sort objects into groups by color. (K.A.4.2)
- I can sort objects into groups by shape. (K.A.4.2)
- I can sort objects into groups by size. (K.A.4.2)
  I can sort objects into groups by kind.
- I can name the sorting rule. (K.A.4.2)

### Geometry:

### K.G.1.1 Students are able to identify basic two-dimensional (plane) figures. - Knowledge

- I can name a circle. (K.G.1.1)
- I can name a square. (K.G.1.1)
- I can name a rectangle. (K.G.1.1)
- I can name a triangle. (K.G.1.1)
- I can tell how a circle, square, rectangle, and triangle are alike. (K.G.1.1)
  - I can tell how a group of shapes are alike.
- I can tell how circle, square, rectangle, and triangle are different. (K.G.1.1)
  - I can tell how a group of shapes are different.

# K.G.2.1 Students are able to describe the position of two-dimensional (plane) figures. - Comprehension

- I can find a circle in my setting. (K.G.2.1)
- I can describe where the circle is. (K.G.2.1)
- I can find a square in my setting. (K.G.2.1)
- I can describe where the square is. (K.G.2.1)
- I can find a rectangle in my setting. (K.G.2.1)
- I can describe where the rectangle is. (K.G.2.1)
- I can find a triangle in my setting. (K.G.2.1)
- I can describe where the triangle is. (K.G.2.1)

#### **Measurement:**

### Time:

# K.M.1.1 Students are able tell time to the nearest hour using digital and analog clocks. - Knowledge

- I can name a digital clock. (K.M.1.1)
- I can tell time to the hour on a digital clock. (K.M.1.1)
  - $\circ$  I can tell time to the half-hour on a digital clock.
- I can name an analog clock. (K.M.1.1)
- I can tell time to the hour on an analog clock. (K.M.1.1)
  - I can tell time to the half-hour on an analog clock.

### K.M.1.2 Students are able to name the days of the week. - Knowledge

• I can name all of the days of the week in the correct order. (K.M.1.2)

### Money:

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# K.M.1.3 Students are able to identify pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters using money models. - Knowledge

- I can point to a penny. (K.M.1.3)
- I can name a penny. (K.M.1.3)
  - $\circ$  I can tell what a penny is worth.
  - I can point to a nickel. (K.M.1.3)
- I can name a nickel. (K.M.1.3)
  - $\circ$  I can tell what a nickel is worth.
- I can point to a dime. (K.M.1.3)
- I can name a dime. (K.M.1.3)
  - $\circ$  I can tell what a dime is worth.
- I can point to a quarter. (K.M.1.3)
- I can name a quarter. (K.M.1.3)
  - I can tell what a quarter is worth.
  - I can read a "¢" symbol.

### U.S. Customary:

## K.M.1.4 Students are able to estimate length using non-standard units of measure. - Knowledge

- I can guess how many manipulatives it would take to equal the length of an object being measured. (K.M.1.4)
  - I can guess how many manipulatives it would take to equal the weight of an object being weighed.
  - $\circ~$  I can guess how many manipulatives it would take to equal the height of an object being measured.

## K.M.1.5 Students are able to compare and order concrete objects by length, height, and weight. - Comprehension

- I can put objects in order of long, longer, and longest. (K.M.1.5)
- I can put objects in order of short, shorter, shortest. (K.M.1.5)
- I can put objects in order of tall, taller, tallest. (K.M.1.5)
- I can put objects in order of heavy, heavier, heaviest. (K.M.1.5)
- I can put objects in order of light, lighter, lightest. (K.M.1.5)
- I can put objects in order of big, bigger, biggest. (K.M.1.5)
- I can put objects in order of small, smaller, smallest. (K.M.1.5)

#### Number Sense:

### K.N.1.1 Students are able to read, write, count, and sequence numerals to 20. - Comprehension

- I can say the numbers from 0 to 20 in order. (K.N.1.1)
- I can say the numbers from 10 to 0 in order. (K.N.1.1)
- I can say the number before each number from 0 to 20. (K.N.1.1)
- I can say the number after each number from 0 to 20. (K.N.1.1)
- I can say the number between two numbers from 0 to 20. (K.N.1.1)
- I can count 20 objects one by one. (K.N.1.1)
- I can keep track of what's been counted. (K.N.1.1)
- I can write the numbers from 0 to 20 in order. (K.N.1.1)
- I can match number words I hear to numbers 0 to 20. (K.N.1.1)
- I can name which object is  $1^{st}$ ,  $2^{nd}$ ,  $3^{rd}$ ...  $10^{th}$ . (K.N.1.1)

#### K.N.1.2 Students are able to use fraction models to create one half of a whole. - Knowledge

- I can show  $\frac{1}{2}$  of an object. (K.N.1.2)
  - I can divide an object into equal parts.

## K.N.3.1 Students are able to solve addition and subtraction problems up to 10 in context. - Application

- I know to add when I hear the word "addition". (K.N.3.1)
- I know that I use a "+" symbol when I add objects together. (K.N.3.1)

- I can find the answer to an addition story problem. (K.N.3.1)
- I know to subtract when I hear the word "subtraction". (K.N.3.1)
- I know that I use a "-" symbol when I subtract objects from a group. (K.N.3.1)
- I can find the answer to a subtraction story problem. (K.N.3.1)
- I can show how I found my answer using objects, pictures or numbers. (K.N.3.1)
- I can explain how I found my answer using objects, pictures or numbers. (K.N.3.1)

#### **Statistics and Probability:**

## **K.S.1.1** Students are able to describe data represented in simple graphs (using real objects) and pictographs. - Knowledge

- I can tell what the pictures in a graph mean. (K.S.1.1)
  - Example picture of a slice of pizza means that one person loves pizza
- I can answer questions by looking at information in a graph. (K.S.1.1)
- I can tell which group on the graph has the most. (K.S.1.1)
- I can tell which group on the graph has the fewest. (K.S.1.1)